



BIENNIAL REPORT



Malaysian
MEDICAL COUNCIL 2006-2007

CONTENTS

PAGE

	Foreword	3
	Corporate Information	7
CHAPTER 1	Malaysian Medical Council	8
CHAPTER 2	Registration of Medical Practitioners	23
CHAPTER 3	Accreditation & Recognition of Medical Institutions	27
CHAPTER 4	Housemanship Training	32
CHAPTER 5	Professional Conduct and Disacipline	34
CHAPTER 6	Compulsory Service	39
CHAPTER 7	Budget and Expenditure of Council	40
	APPENDICES	43

Editorial Board:

Advisor	:	Tan Sri Dato' Seri Dr. Hj. Mohd. Ismail bin Merican
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	:	Dr. Karen Sharmini d/o Sandanasamy
	:	Dr. Rusnah binti Yahya
	:	Dr. Muhammad Yazuran Sallij bin Muhd Yasin
	:	Mr. Perumal s/o Chinaya

PRESIDENT'S FOREWORD

It gives me great pleasure to present this Biennial Report, for the period 2006 to 2007, on behalf of the Malaysian Medical Council.

Roles and Functions of the Council

Patients trust doctors with their lives and wellbeing. It is therefore incumbent on the Malaysian Medical Council (MMC) to ensure that this trust is not abused or trivialized. The Council, being the governing body and custodian of the medical profession in Malaysia, has the onerous and unenviable task in regulating the noble profession to the satisfaction of its clients.

Hence, since its establishment in 1971, the Council has pledged to ensure that all registered medical practitioners in Malaysia uphold and upkeep the highest standards of medical ethics and professionalism in the execution of their responsibility as a healthcare provider.

The Council registers qualified graduates, issues annual practicing certificates and certificates of good standing, processes application for waiver of compulsory services, advises public and practitioners on matters concerning treatments and ethics, assists in further professional development for its registered practitioners and ensures the continuous adherence to high standards of medical education.

The Council is also responsible for the adherence to proper and ethical medical practices by registered medical practitioners at all times. Dealing firmly and fairly with practitioners whose fitness to practice is in doubt and censuring those who strayed away from the Code of Professional Conduct remain the core function of the Council in order to safeguard the safety of the public and ensure propriety in medical services .

Management and Committees of the Council

The Council comprises active and senior practitioners, either by election or nomination, as provided for in the Medical Act 1971. Except for the appointment of the five Preliminary Investigation Committees by the President, other committees are appointed by the Council.

As a matter of fact, some of the members have been with the Council and the various Committees since its inception. I am impressed with their selfless motivation and dedication to serve the Council and am confident that the Council will continue to benefit from their wealth of knowledge and practical experience.

The Secretariat, headed by the Secretary, is entrusted with the daily administration and operations of the Council.

Productivity and Workload

Over the past five years, the number of complaints received by the Council has steadily increased. Though the rate remains, on the average, about 3 complaints per 1,000 registered medical practitioners, the number of cases being resolved is consistently increasing.

A bone of contention was the inordinate delay in inquiring into complaints, which coerced some to label the Council as a 'toothless tiger'. Whilst still utilising the 1974 Regulations for inquiry, the Council has managed to steadily resolve almost 50 percent of the complaints received within a year. Complaints of more than two years standing were given priority. I am happy that, over the last few years, the waiting period for complaints to be resolved has been drastically reduced.

Under the 1971 Act and 1974 Regulations, enacted more than three decades ago, many shortcomings were noted. To ensure justice and fairness to all parties and overcome delays, the present statutes have been comprehensively revised. After much deliberation, a consensus was reached and the final draft was presented to the Honourable Minister of Health in early 2007. A number of issues identified during recent years were expeditiously and judiciously addressed. It is the fervent hope of the Council that the Act is approved by the Parliament soon and the new Act comes into force in the near future.

Similarly, procedures pertaining to the handling of complaints, were also reviewed. A comprehensive guideline was endorsed and implemented during the period.

Besides revising the Act, the current Code of Professional Conduct, adopted in 1987, has also been subjected to extensive revision to meet the contemporary local and global challenges and requirements. To supplement and complement its Code of Professional Conduct, the Council had previously adopted two other booklets namely Good Medical Practice and Confidentiality in January 2001. In addition to these documents, the Council, under the able and dedicated stewardship of the Ethical Committee, had updated and introduced nine guidelines as reference materials for registered practitioners. Details of these guidelines **are given** elsewhere in this Report. It is my fervent hope that fellow practitioners fully utilise these documents, made available through our webpage, in their daily clinical decision-makings to ensure competency and safety in their practices.

The period 2006 and 2007 also witnessed the commencement of the upgrading of the office automation of the MMC. Other landmark achievements during this period include the successful launching of our webpage which was inaugurated with much fanfare at the Health Management Institute in Bangsar in August 2007. Data from the 50,000-odd files of our registered medical practitioners were 'migrated' into the new database which formed the basis of our official website.

With the introduction of this webpage, besides getting comprehensive information of registered practitioners, the general public is also able to obtain a wealth of information on the functions of the Council and its related activities. Information about legislation, members of the Council and their roles, duties and services for both registered practitioners and members of the public, the Code of Professional Conduct expected of medical professionals and information on the list of recognized medical schools etc. are made available online.

As the paramount objective of medical education is to produce competent and safe doctors, a series of meetings was conducted to revise the Guidelines on Standards and Criteria in the Accreditation of Basic Medical Education Programme in Malaysia. Amongst the criteria revised were the student: staff ratio and the student: bed ratio.

In September 2007, the Council adopted a rating system for house officers. The system allows for a fair and objective assessment of undergraduates during their first four months of internship. The Council believes that their performance during this initial period would be a fair reflection of the training they have received from the training institutions. Reports on this objective evaluation of these new doctors will be made available to the respective training institutions for the purpose of continuous improvement.

The Council is of the view that excellent service delivery is a vital and noble task in our efforts to ensure effective treatment and optimal outcomes and, in so doing, help our country gain a competitive edge when compared with global healthcare standards. Various measures have been undertaken over the years to strengthen our services. For example, the registration of practitioners is not only according to their specialities but also their sub-specialities. The Council is currently amending the Act to enable a Specialist Register to be legalised as well as preparing a list of postgraduate qualifications eligible for registration.

The Cabinet has approved the recommendation of the Ministry of Health that the MMC functions as a statutory body in accordance with the Act. This will enable the Council to utilise and generate its own income and it is envisaged that this financial independence will empower the Council to further improve its services and achieve greater heights of achievements. Concerted steps are being taken to implement this within a reasonably short time frame. We are working

very closely with the Ministry of Health to expedite matters during this period of transition.

Conclusion

I wish to take this opportunity to thank every member of the Council and the Committees established under the Medical Act 1971, for their commitment and invaluable contributions to make MMC more relevant and conspicuous in the eyes of both the medical profession as well as members of the public. The challenges we face will only get bigger and more complicated but I am confident we, as members of this august body, have what it takes, in terms of knowledge, skills and experience, to grapple with these challenges and protect the sanctity of the profession, no matter what.

Finally, I will be failing in my duty if I do not single out the Secretariat for a special mention of appreciation for their unfailing assistance and relentless efforts in successfully providing all the support and resources for the smooth running of the Council and its various committees, as well as the successful implementation of the planned activities.

Thank you.

Tan Sri Dato' Seri Dr. Hj. Mohd. Ismail Merican,
President.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

President : ***Tan Sri Dato' seri Dr. Hj. Mohd Ismail Merican***

Secretary : ***Dr. Haji Wan Mazlan bin Haji Mohamed Woojdy***

This Biennial Report covers the period from 1st January 2006 to 31st December 2007. The prime aim of this Report is to document and present the Council's activities for both the medical profession and the community as a whole to gather some insight into its statutory functions and duties.

This report is intended for general information only and certain functions of the Council have accordingly been simplified for better understanding. Further details, if required, are available from the secretariat at the following addresses:

1. The Office of the Council:

LEVEL 2, BLOCK E-1,
MINISTRY OF HEALTH,
BLOCK E, PRECINT 1,
PUSAT PENTADBIRAN KERAJAAN PERSEKUTUAN,
62518 PUTRAJAYA,
MALAYSIA.

Tel : 603-8883 1400-5, 8883 1407-17
Fax : 603-8883 1406
Email : admin@mmc.gov.my
Web : <http://www.mmc.gov.my/v1/>

Or

2. The branch:

3rd FLOOR, BLOCK D,
MINISTRY OF HEALTH,
JALAN CENDERASARI,
50590 KUALA LUMPUR,
MALAYSIA.

(For Disciplinary Complaints/Enquiries Only)

Tel : 603-2694 7920
Fax : 603-2693 8569

CHAPTER 1 - THE COUNCIL

1.1. The Council:

1.1.1. The Adjudicatory Powers of the Malaysian Medical Council:

Section 3(1) of the Medical Act 1971 (Act 50) states:

'3. Establishment and composition of the Council

- (1) There is hereby established a body corporate with perpetual successions and a common seal to be called the Malaysian Medical Council which shall consist of-
 - (a) The Director General
 - (b) Three fully registered practitioners from the members of the Faculty of Medicine or the staff of the Medical Centre of the University of Malaya to be nominated by the Council of the University of Malaya and appointed by the Minister;
 - (c) Three fully registered practitioners from each of the Faculties of Medicine of the other Universities established under the Universities and University Colleges Act 1971, to be nominated from among the members of the Faculty by the Council of the respective University and appointed by the Minister;
 - (d) Nine fully registered practitioners resident in West Malaysia to be elected by the fully registered practitioners resident in West Malaysia;
 - (e) One fully registered practitioners resident in Sabah to be elected by the fully registered practitioners resident in Sabah;
 - (f) One fully registered practitioners resident in Sarawak to be elected by the fully registered practitioners resident in Sarawak; and
 - (g) Three fully registered practitioners from the public services to be appointed by the Minister.'

1.1.2. Composition of the Council:

The Council consists of the President (ex-officio) and Registered Medical Practitioners, either by election or nomination and appointment by the Minister of Health as listed below.

I. **The President - (Ex-officio – section 3(1)(a) of the Medical Act 1971)**

Tan Sri Dato' Seri Dr. Hj. Mohd. Ismail Merican

II. **Appointed Members:**

- a. University Malaya (section 3(1)(b) of the Medical Act 1971)
 - Prof. Dato' Dr. Mohd Amin Bin Jalaludin
 - Prof. Dr. Ikram Shah Ismail
 - Prof. Dr. Tan Chong Tin (Until 28.10.2007)
 - Prof. Dr. Lim Chin Theam (w.e.f. 29.10.2007)
- b. Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia (section 3(1)(c) of the Medical Act 1971)
 - Prof. Dr. Lokman Bin Saim
 - Prof. Dr. Raymond Azman Bin Ali (Until 31.07.2007)
 - Prof. Dr. Muhammad Abdul Jamil bin Mohammad Yassin (Until 31.07.2007)
 - Prof. Dr. Zaleha Abdullah Mahdy (w.e.f. 01.08.2007)
 - Prof. Dr. Abdul Hamid Abdul Rahman (w.e.f. 01.08.2007)

- c. Universiti Sains Malaysia (section 3(1)(c) of the Medical Act 1971)
 - Prof. Dr. Jafri Malin Datuk Hj. Abdullah
 - Prof. Dato' Dr. Mafauzy bin Mohamed (Until 07.08.2007)
 - Prof. Dr. Zabidi Azhar Bin Mohd Hussin (Until 04.08.2007)
 - Prof. Dr. Aziz bin Baba (w.e.f. 05.08.2007)
 - Prof. Dato' Dr. Wan Mohamed Wan Bebakar (W.e.f. 08.08.2007)
- d. Universiti Putra Malaysia (section 3(1)(c) of the Medical Act 1971)
 - Prof. Dr. Azhar Bin Md Zin
 - Prof. Dr. Yunus Gul Bin Alif Gul
 - Prof. Dr. Sabariah Bt Abdul Rahman
- e. Universiti Malaysia Sarawak (section 3(1)(c) of the Medical Act 1971)
 - Prof. Dr. Henry Rantai Gundum
 - Prof. Dr. Syed Hassan Bin Syed Ahmad AlMashoor (Until 31.03.2006)
 - Prof. Dr. Hashami Bin Bohari (Until 31.03.2006)
 - Tan Sri Datu Prof. Dr. Hj. Mohamad Taha bin Arif (w.e.f. 01.04.2006)
 - Prof. Madya Dr. Ahmad Hata Rasit (w.e.f. 16.11.2006)
- f. Universiti Malaysia Sabah (section 3(1)(c) of the Medical Act 1971)
 - Prof. Dr. Osman Ali
 - Prof. Madya Dr. Ahmad Faris Abdullah
 - Prof. Madya Dr. Zainal Arifin Mustapha (w.e.f. 15.07.2007)
- g. Public Services (section 3(1)(g) of the Medical Act 1971)
 - Datuk Dr. Abdul Gani Bin Mohammed Din (Until 24.06.2006)
 - Dato' Dr. Zainul Bin Hamzah (Until 31.05.2006)
 - Dr. Yao Sik King (Until 13.02.2007)
 - Dato' Dr. Noorimi Haji Morad (w.e.f. 16.09.2006)
 - Dr. Andrew Kiyu Dawie Usop (w.e.f. 12.03.2007)
 - Datuk Dr. Rahimah Md. Said (w.e.f. 01.06.2006)

III. Elected Members:

- a. Peninsular: (section 3(1)(d) of the Medical Act 1971)
 - Datuk Dr. Yeoh Poh Hong
 - Dato' Dr. Abdul Hamid Bin Abdul Kadir
 - Dato' Dr. Zaki Morad Bin Mohd Zaher
 - Dato' Dr. Megat Burhainuddin Megat Abdul Rahman
 - Dr. Milton Lum Siew Wah
 - Dr David Quek Kwang Leng
 - Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Abdul Khalid Bin Sahan (Until 13.08.2007)
 - Prof. Datuk Dr. Mohd. Sham Kasim (Until 13.08.2007)
 - Dato' Dr Lee Yan San (Until 13.08.2007)
 - Prof. Dato' Dr. Khalid Bin Yusoff (W.e.f. 14.08.2007)
 - Dato' Dr. Mahmud Mohd. Nor (W.e.f. 14.08.2007)
 - Dato' Dr. Haji Abu Hassan Asaari Abdullah (W.e.f. 14.08.2007)
- b. Sabah: (section 3(1)(e) of the Medical Act 1971):
 - Dr. Hajjah Suzain binti Datuk Hj. Suhaimi
- c. Sarawak: (section 3(1)(f) of the Medical Act 1971):
 - Dr. Jamil Bin Dolkadir (Until 30.06.2006)
 - Prof. Dr. Sim Kui Hian (w.e.f. 01.07.2006)

MEMBERS OF THE MALAYSIAN MEDICAL COUNCIL



Seated from left to right: Dato' Dr. Rahimah, Dr. Milton Lum, Datuk Dr. Yeoh Poh Hong, Dato' Dr. Mahmud, Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Abdul Khalid, Tan Sri Dato' Seri Dr. Mohd. Ismail (President), Dr. Hj. Wan Mazlan (Secretary), Dato' Dr. Abdul Hamid, Datuk Dr. Megat Burhainuddin, Dr. David Quek and Dr. Hajjah Suzain.

Standing from left to right: Mr. C. Perumal (Legal Officer), Prof. Dato' Dr. Wan Mo-hamad, Prof. Dato' Dr. Abdul Khalid, Dr. Andrew, Dato' Dr. Abu Hassan, Prof. Dr. Osman, Prof. Dr. Zabidi Azhar, Assoc. Prof. Dr. Ahmad Faris, Prof. Dr. Jafri Malin and Assoc. Prof. Dr. Sabariah.

1.1.3. Functions of the Council:

The Council was established by an Act of Parliament approved on 27 September 1971 and gazetted on 30 September 1971 with the purpose of providing safe and competent medical and health care services for the country.

- e. To determine and regulate the conduct and ethics of registered medical practitioners;
- f. To consider the cases of medical practitioners who, because of some mental or physical condition, may be unfit to practise medicine;
- g. To review the competence of medical practitioner;
- h. To advise and make recommendations to the Minister of Health on matters relating to the practice of medicine in Malaysia; and
- i. To carry out such other acts so as to give effect to the Medical Act 1971.

1.2. Committees of the Council:

Provisions under certain sections of the Act and the First Schedule of the Medical Act 1971 allow the Council to form one or more committees, and may delegate to them some of the Council's function as the Council thinks fit. The committees currently established by the Council are:

- a. The Evaluation Committee
- b. The Ethics Committee
- c. The Committee to Review the Code of Professional Conduct
- d. The Medical Act and Regulations Amendments Committee
- e. The Preliminary Investigation Committees;
- f. The Medical Review Panel;
- g. The Charge Committee;
- h. The Editorial Committee;
- i. The Medical Qualifying Board;
- j. The Joint Technical Committee for the Accreditation of Medical Programmes; and
- k. The Ad Hoc Committee on MMC Corporatisation

The Evaluation Committee:

The members of the committee are:

- a. Tan Sri Dato' Seri Dr. Hj. Mohd. Ismail Merican (Ex-officio - Chairman)
- b. Prof. Dato' Dr. Mohd Amin bin Jalaludin
- c. Prof. Dr Azhar bin Md. Zin
- d. Datuk Dr Yeoh Poh Hong
- e. Dato' Dr. Abdul Hamid bin Abdul Kadir
- f. Dr. Milton Lum Siew Wah
- g. Datuk Dr. Abdul Gani bin Mohamed Din (until 24.06.2006)
- h. Dato' Dr. Noorimi Haji Morad (W.e.f. 16.09.2006)
- i. Prof. Dato' Dr. Mafauzy bin Mohamed (Until 07.08.2007)
- j. Prof. Madya Dr. Sabariah Abdul Rahman (w.e.f. 11.09.2007)
- k. Prof. Dato' Dr. Lokman Saim (w.e.f. 11.09.2007)
- l. Prof. Dr. Ikram Shah Ismail (w.e.f. 11.09.2007)
- m. Dato' Dr. Abu Hassan Asaari Abdullah (w.e.f. 13.11.2007)
- n. Prof. Dato' Dr. Khalid bin Yusoff (w.e.f. 13.11.2007)
- o. Dato' Dr. Zaki Morad Mohd Zaher (w.e.f. 13.11.2007)

Terms of Reference:

- a. To consider application from Malaysians practitioners who graduated and completed their housemanship training overseas for full registration under section 14(1);
- b. To consider application from Malaysian specialists from overseas for full registration under section 14(1);
- c. To consider application from foreigners and spouses of Malaysian citizens for full registration under section 14(3);

- d. To consider application from foreign specialists for full registration under section 14(3);
- e. To consider application from foreigners and spouses of Malaysian citizens for provisional registration under section 12;
- f. To consider application from foreign practitioners for temporary practicing certificate under Section 16(1); and
- g. To consider application from graduates of medical schools not listed in the Second Schedule to sit for the Medical Qualifying Examination under Section 12(1)(aa) of Medical Act 1971.

The Committee met every second Thursday of the month.

The Ethics Committee:

Composition:

- Chairman : Dato' Dr. Abdul Hamid Abdul Kadir
- Members : Prof. Emeritus Datuk Dr. Alexius Ernald Delilkan
Dato' Dr. Mohd Rani bin Jusoh
Dr. Raja Abdul Malik bin Raja Jallaludin
Dr. Choy Yew Sing
Prof. Dr. Mohd. Nizam Isa
Dr. M. K. Rajakumar
Ms Sharon Kaur Gurmukh

Terms of Reference:

- a. To deliberate and make recommendations on ethical issues related to policy raised by members of the MMC, registered practitioners or public;
- b. To identify prevailing ethical issues relating to public health, medical practice and research and the influence of commercial interests with a view to provide guidelines for medical practitioners and to periodically review such guidelines;
- c. To advise the Council on the potential ethical issues influenced by changing or new trends in medical practice in other countries; and
- d. To provide guidelines and publications pertaining to medical ethics.

The Committee has drafted the nine ethical guidelines and was launched in 2007 apart from answering queries to various ethical issues raised.

The Committee to Review the Code of Professional Conduct

Composition:

- Chairman : Dato' Dr. Abdul Hamid bin Abdul Kadir
- Members : Dato' Dr Zaki Morad bin Mohd. Zaher
Dato' Dr. Mahmud bin Mohd Nor
Dato' Dr. K. Inbasegaran
Dato' Dr. K. Kulaveerasingam
Prof. Dr. Looi Lai Meng
Dr. M.K. Rajakumar

Term of References

- a. To review the Code of Professional Conduct; and
- b. To recommend to the Council of such amendments.

The Committee has reviewed and finalized the current Code of Professional Conduct which was adopted in 1987. This Code will come into effect when the amendment to the present Medical Act 1971 comes into force.

The Medical Act and Regulations Amendments/Revision Committee

The members of the committee are -

- Datuk Dr. Yeoh Poh Hong (Chairman)
- Dato' Dr. Abdul Hamid bin Abdul Kadir
- Dr. Milton Lum Siew Wah
- Dato' Dr. Mahmud bin Mohd Nor
- Prof. Dr. Osman bin Ali
- A Representative from the Medical Development Division of the Ministry of Health;
- A Representative from the Legal Office of the Ministry of Health.

Term of Reference

- a. To deliberate on the proposed amendments to the law;
- b. To review draft amendments; and
- c. To recommend to the Council of such amendments.

The Committee is in the final stage of fine tuning the amendment to the present Medical Act 1971 and its Regulations before submitting to the Ministry of Health for its subsequent action.

The Preliminary Investigation Committees;

The Preliminary Investigation Committees will be discussed separately in the ensuing chapter.

MEMBERS OF THE VARIOUS COMMITTEES



Seated from left to right: Dr. Milton Lum, Prof. Dr. Victor Lim, Dato' Dr. Ramlee, Dato' Dr. Mahmud, Tan Sri Dato' Dr. Abdul Khalid, Tan Sri Dato' Seri Dr. Mohd. Ismail (President), Datuk Dr. Megat Burhainuddin, Dato' Dr. Abu Hassan, Dr. Ng Chuan Wai, Dato' Dr. Ismail and Dr. Low Nan Hang.

Standing from left to right: Dr. Hj. Wan Mazlan (Secretary), Dr. David Quek Kwang Leng, Prof. Dato' Dr. Sirajoon Noor, Prof. Dato' Dr. S. Selvarajah, Dato' Dr. Mohanadas, Dato' Dr. T. Selvaprakasam, Prof. Emeritus Dato' Dr. Alex Delilkan, Dato' Dr. Jeyainderan, Prof. Dato' Dr. Wan Mohamad, Prof. Dr. Abdul Latiff, Dato' Dr. Abdul Hamid, Datuk Dr. Yeoh Poh Hong, Dr. Ng Kok Ying and Mr. C. Perumal (Legal Officer),

The Medical Review Panel:

Pursuant to sections 19 and 24 of the Medical Act 1971, a Medical Review Panel (MRP) was appointed by the Council to assess applications for registration from practitioners whose mental or physical conditions are doubtful.

The composition of the Panel is as follows:

- a. Prof. Dr. Syed Hassan bin Syed Ahmad Al-Mashoor (Chairman)
- b. Prof. Dr. Azhar bin Md. Zin - Member
(Psychiatrist and Dean of Medical Faculty, UPM)
- c. Datin Dr. Aziah Ahmad Mahyiddin - Member
(Head of Medical Department and Senior Consultant Physician in Hospital Kuala Lumpur)
- d. Prof. Dr. Tan Chong Tin
(Neurologist & Physician, Neurolab Department University Malaya)

- e. Mr. Zainal Ariffin bin Azizi,- Member
(Head of Surgical Department and Senior Consultant Surgeon in Hospital Kuala Lumpur
- f. Prof. Dr. Lim Chin Theam - member
Pediatrician and Lecturer Paediatric Department, University Malaya - w.e.f. 13.11.2007.

Term of References:

- a. To review practitioners applying for provisional or full registration with regards to mental or physical disability;
- b. To review fully registered practitioners with regards to mental or physical disability; and
- c. To make recommendations to the Council.

The Panel reviewed 14 cases in 2006 and 13 cases in 2007. The outcomes of the interview-meeting were forwarded to the Council with recommendations. The outcomes were as follows:

2006:		
No.	Case	Outcome
Practitioner A	Unethical, rough and rude behaviour towards patients during the housemanship training.	No mental or physical problem and was granted Full Registration
Practitioner B	Having delusional disorder requiring psychiatric treatment.	Granted Conditional Registration to practise medicine under close supervision and to be assessed after a year.
Practitioner C	Having insufficient knowledge and problematic attitude during the housemanship training	Assessment ongoing.
Practitioner D	Diagnosed as having generalised anxiety disorder requiring psychiatric treatment and not performing satisfactorily during the housemanship training.	Granted Conditional Full Registration to practise medicine under close supervision and needs to be assessed after 6 months.
Practitioner E	Diagnosed as having depressive disorder during housemanship training.	Application for full registration granted.
Practitioner F	Not performing satisfactorily during the housemanship training.	Application for full registration granted.
Practitioner G	Not performing satisfactorily during the housemanship training.	Application for full registration granted.
Practitioner H	Reported as having drug addiction problems requiring psychiatric treatment and follow up.	Application for full registration denied.
Practitioner I	Reported as having minor cerebral vascular stroke involving auditory arterioles causing bilateral permanent deafness.	Due to permanent medical illness severely affecting ability in communication, the full registration was ceased.

Practitioner J	Having mental problem jeopardizing patient safety during the housemanship training. Not under psychiatrist treatment.	Due to unstable mental illness and lack of insight, the application for full registration was denied.
Practitioner K	Diagnosed to have depression and under psychiatric treatment during the housemanship training.	Application for full registration granted.
Practitioner L	Not performing satisfactorily during the housemanship training.	Application for full registration granted.
Practitioner M	Noted to have psychiatric signs and symptoms during the disciplinary inquiry meeting.	Due to mental illness and lack of insight, the full registration was ceased.
Practitioner N	Diagnosed as depression with psychotic features and residual brain damage with post suicidal attempt.	No evidence of mental illness and allowed to continue practise.

2007: No.	Case	Outcome
Practitioner A	Diagnosed as having major depression during the housemanship training and on treatment.	Application for full registration granted.
Practitioner B	Not performing satisfactorily during the housemanship training and was directed by the Council to repeat the housemanship training in medicine and surgery for a period of four months each. Developed hypertensive intra-cerebral bleeding in the left parieto-occipital area during the repeat the housemanship training.	Application for full registration granted.
Practitioner C	Reported as having insufficient knowledge and poor attitude during the housemanship training. On treatment for Major Depression.	Granted Conditional Registration : To practise medicine under supervision and to be assessed again in a year.

Practitioner D	Reported for poor performance during the housemanship training and was diagnosed as having Generalised Anxiety Disorder requiring Psychiatric treatment and need reassessment 6 month after being given full registration.	Not on treatment anymore. Removed condition for Full Registration.
Practitioner E	Reported as poor performance and attitude during the housemanship training. Diagnosed as Depression under Psychiatrist treatment.	Granted Conditional Registration : To practise medicine under supervision and to be assessed again in a year.
Practitioner F	Reported as having mental problem, no insight, unable to perform clinical work without supervision and poor communication with patient and colleague.	Due to mental illness and lack of insight, the full registration was ceased.
Practitioner G	Reported as having Delusional Disorder on Psychiatric treatment and still under Psychiatrist follow up. Was given full registration with condition to be assessed by MRP after 1 year. Presently, mentally stable and good report.	The previous condition for Full Registration was removed.
Practitioner H	Reported as having Bipolar Affective Disorder during the housemanship training. Mentally stable and good report.	Granted Conditional Registration : To practise medicine under supervision and to be assessed again in a year.
Practitioner I	Reported as having Major Depression on treatment during the housemanship training. Mentally stable and good report.	Granted Conditional Registration : To practise medicine under supervision and to be assessed again in a year.
Practitioner J	Diagnosed as Bipolar Affective Disorder during the housemanship training. Mentally stable and good report.	Granted Conditional Registration : To practise medicine under supervision and to be assessed again in a year.
Practitioner K	Reported diagnosed as Adjustment Disorder with Depressive Mood during the housemanship training. Mentally stable and good report.	Granted Conditional Registration : To practise medicine under supervision and to be assessed again in a year.
Practitioner L	Not performing satisfactorily the house-manship training. Diagnosed as Major Depression Disorder.	Directed to continue the housemanship training and reassessment upon completion.

The Medical Review Panel (Appeal) :

Pursuant to sections 19 and 24 of the Medical Act 1971, a Medical Review Panel (Appeal) was appointed by the Council to assess appeals against the Council's decisions.

The Panel consists of:

- a. Dato' Dr. Hj. Abdullah Aziz Abdullah (Chairman),
Senior Consultant Psychiatrist, Hospital Kuala Lumpur.
- b. Dato' Dr. Jeyadindran a/l Tan Sri Sinnadurai (Member),
Consultant Pulmonary & Intensive Care (Medical),
Medical Department, Hospital Kuala Lumpur
- c. Dato' Dr. Abu Hassan Asaari bin Abdullah (Member),
Senior Consultant Traumatologist and Head of Department Casualty,
Hospital Kuala Lumpur

Term of References:

- a. To review appeals by practitioners on the decision made by the Council with regards to mental or physical disability; and
- b. To make recommendations to the Council.

The Appeal Panel reviewed 1 case in 2006. There was no appeal made to the Council in 2007. The outcome of the interview-meeting was forwarded to the Council with recommendations. The final outcome was as follows:

Case : Appeal against cessation of registration as poor performance, poor attitude, insufficient knowledge with no clinical skill and jeopardizing patient life.

Outcome : The Council upheld the previous decision for cessation of registration.

The Charge Committee:

The members of the Committee are:

- a. Datuk Dr. Yeoh Poh Hong – Chairman
- b. Dato' Dr. Abdul Hamid Bin Abdul Kadir
- c. Dr. Milton Lum Siew Wah
- d. Prof. Dr. Yunus Gul bin Alif Gul

Term of References:

- a. To review draft charges against practitioners recommended by the Preliminary Investigation Committees for Council inquiry;
- b. To draft charges against practitioners decided by the Council for inquiry; and
- c. To make recommendations to the Council.

The Committee revised/formulated 27 charges in 2006 and another 24 in 2007.

The Editorial Committee:

The members of the Committee:

- Chairman : Dr. Milton Lum Siew Wah
- Members: Dr. David Quek Kwan Ling,
Prof. Dr. Zabidi

Term of References:

- a. To prepare the MMC Quarterly Bulletin.

The Committee came out with four publications in 2006. The publication was temporarily halted in 2007 due to unavoidable circumstances with a plan to reactivate in 2008.

The Medical Qualifying Board:

The functions and outcome of the Board will be discussed separately in the ensuing chapter.

The Joint Technical Committee for the Accreditation of Medical Programmes:

The functions and outcome of this Committee will be discussed separately in the ensuing chapter.

The Ad Hoc Committee on MMC Corporatisation:

The Committee comprises:

- Chairman : Datuk Dr. Megat Burhainudin bin Megat Abdul Rahman
- Members : Datuk Dr. Yeoh Poh Hong
Dato' Dr. Abdul Hamid Bin Abdul Kadir
Dr. Milton Lum Siew Wah
Dato' Dr. Zaki Morad

Terms of Reference:

- a. To study relevant sections in the Medical Act 1971 and its Regulations with regards to corporatization and make recommendations to the Council for amendment, if necessary; and
- b. To study appropriate policies regarding corporate structure and governance and make recommendations to the Council.

The Committee was established in 2007 following the Cabinet decision to corporatize the Council. Several meetings were held and proposals on the following matters and issues were formulated and forwarded to the relevant authorities for further actions:

- a. Amendment to the First Schedule of the Medical Act 1971;
- b. Manpower requirement;
- c. Finances;
- d. Office block; and
- e. General Orders for Staff;

Block B at Jalan Chenderasari, Kuala Lumpur was allocated to the Council to be utilized as the administrative block. However, a condition appraisal has indentified defect which will need renovation before occupation.

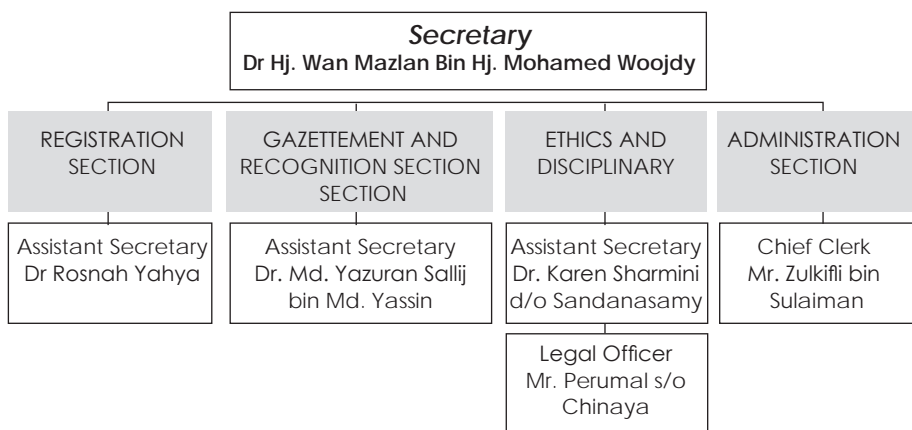
A RM20 million launching fund has been allocated by the Cabinet for the inception of the corporatization whilst awaiting the Council to generate its own income.

1.3. Secretary of the Council:

Para 4 of the First Schedule 1 under the Medical Act 1971 stipulates that an officer of the Ministry of Health may be appointed by the President to be the Secretary.

For the whole period of 2006 through 2007, Dr. Haji Wan Mazlan bin Haji Mohamed Wooljdy was appointed as the Secretary to the Council.

The Secretariat of the Council for the years 2006-2007 is as follows:



MMC SECRETARIAT



Seated from left to right: Dr. Lillian, Dr. Karen Sharmini, Dr. Hj. Wan Mazlan (Secretary), Tan Sri Dato' Seri Dr. Mohd. Ismail (President), Mr. C. Perumal (Legal Officer), Dr. Muhammad Yazuran and Mr. Juhairi.

Standing from left to right (Middle Row): Ms. Norashikin, Ms. Suhaila, Ms. Siti Khadijah, Ms. Siti Mislihah, Mdm. Nur Fazlana, Ms. Noraizat and Ms. Siti Norlia.

Standing from left to right (Back Row): Mr. Hanafi, Mr. Hazman and Mr. Harun

1.4. Legal Advisors of the Council:

The Council has engaged the services of five firms of g Legal Advisors, one for each Preliminary Investigation Committee and the Council. The list of the legal advisors is as shown in Table 1.1.

Table 1.1. List of Legal Advisors of the Malaysian Medical Council, 2006-2007.

Legal Advisors	Responsibility	Tenure
Messrs. Lewis & Co.	The Council	Till 31 December 2006
Messrs. Shahrizat Rashid & Lee	The Council	w.e.f. 1 January 2007.
Messrs. Jasbeer, Nur Hakimah & Rajpal	Preliminary Investigating Committee I	Ongoing.
Messrs. Irmohizam, Gurdev & Co.	Preliminary Investigating Committee II	Ongoing.
Messrs. R. Sivagnanam & Associates	Preliminary Investigating Committee III	Till 31 December 2006
Messrs. RamRais & Partners	Preliminary Investigating Committee III	w.e.f. 1 January 2007
Messrs. Mazlan & Associates	Preliminary Investigating Committee IV	Ongoing.
Messrs. Syeliza & Partners	Preliminary Investigating Committee V	w.e.f. 1 January 2007

Activities:

1. Management:

In response to a paper put up by the President in May 2007, the Cabinet has allowed the Council to utilise and generate its own income whilst approving a substantial amount of kick-off grant to enable the Council to operate as a corporate body in accordance to the Act. With the management and financial independence, it is our fervent hope that our services will improve further.

2. Office Automation:

In 2006, the Council was granted a substantial budget to improve its office automation. A new application system or database was developed in line with all the legal requirements under the Medical Act 1971. After the data from the 50,000-odd files of registered medical practitioners were 'migrated' into the new database, the website was officially launched using the <http://mmc.gov.my> address on 6 August 2007.

Through the official website, MMC aims to assist its clients in the following ways:

- Informing public about the legislation that guides our work, the member of our governing Council and their duties, our duties and services for both registered practitioners and members of the public;
- Information about the standards expected of medical professionals in Malaysia;
- How to express their concerns about treatment by medical practitioners;

- Providing advise on the list of recognized medical schools; and
- Applying for registration and paying online;
- Enabling clients to downloads various forms.

With the advent of office automation, clients will soon be able to apply their annual practising certificates and pay online as well as download relevant forms at the click of a button in the comfort of their clinics.

LAUNCHING OF THE MMC OFFICIAL WEBSITE



From left to right: Tan Sri Dato' Seri Dr. Hj. Mohd. Ismail Merican, Dr. Hj. Wan Mazlan, En. Zaidy and Mr. C. Perumal.

CHAPTER 2 – REGISTRATION OF MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS:

Pursuant to the Medical Act 1971, in order to practice medicine legally in Malaysia, all persons are required to register with the Council. The Council maintains a Medical Register for this purpose. There are three categories of registration undertaken by the Council:

- a. Provisional Registration (section 12);
- b. Full Registration (without conditions) (section 14(1)); and
- c. Conditional Registration – registration for any medical practitioner (Section 14(3)).

The summary of registration approved and issued by the Council for 2000-2007 according to the categories are as shown in Table 2.1. below:

Table 2.1. Number of New Registrations Approved and Issued by the Council, 2000-2007:

Year	Provisional Registration		Full Registration With conditions (section 14(3))	Total
		Without condition		
2000	996	893	133	1,026
2001	1,029	1,060	163	1,223
2002	1,104	1,088	76	1,164
2003	1,083	653	128	781
2004	1,126	968	267	1,235
2005	1,112	1,060	164	1,224
2006	1,122	1,801	240	2,041
2007	1,534	1,726	200	1,926

2.1. Provisional Registration (Section 12):

The Medical Act 1971 stipulates that a person shall be entitled to be provisionally registered as a medical practitioner solely for the purpose of obtaining experience as a house officer if he holds a qualification recognized by the Council. If he holds a medical qualification which is not recognized by the Council, he has to sit and pass the Medical Qualifying Examination in accordance to Section 13(2) of the Medical Act 1971 which states that:

The provisionally registered person, shall, immediately upon being provisionally registered, engage in employment in a resident medical capacity to the satisfaction of the Medical Qualifying Board for a period of not less than one year in a hospital or institution in Malaysia which is approved by the said Board for the purpose of such employment; four months in a resident medical post and four months in a resident obstetrical and gynaecological post at the conclusion of satisfactory service, as certified by the Medical Qualifying Board, under this paragraph, the provisionally registered person shall be entitled to a certificate issued by the Council in the prescribed form as evidence thereof.

Following completion of the above three compulsory postings, all registered medical practitioners are then required to complete obligatory postings based on a circular issued by the Director General of Health no. 4/2002 dated 23rd July 2002.

All employers are required to submit application for full registration within one month upon completion of the practitioners' housemanship training to the Council. For various reasons, a number of house-officers are required to extend their training. This will be discussed in the ensuing chapter.

The number of provisional registration approved and issued by the Council according to institutions awarding the degrees from 2000 to 2007 and citizenship status are shown in **Appendix I**.

2.2. Full Registration (Section 14):

The Council approves full registration to medical practitioners under two different circumstances, namely section 14 and section 14(3). Under section 14(3), practitioners are registered to practice medicine subject to restrictions and conditions as stipulated by the Minister, after consulting the Evaluation Committee appointed by the Council. For those registered under section 14, no restrictions and conditions are imposed.

The number of medical practitioners approved for full registration according to relevant registration sections and place of housemanship is shown below in Table 2.2.

Table 2.2. Number of Practitioners Granted Full Registration, 2000 to 2007:

FULL REGISTRATION	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
a. Registered According to Section 14:								
• Malaysians - Completing Housemanship Locally	819	996	1,002	568	858	1,060	1,695	1,604
• Malaysians - Completing Housemanship Overseas	74	64	86	85	110	77	106	122
TOTAL	893	1,060	1,088	653	968	1,137	1,801	1,726
b. Registered According to 14(3):								
• Foreigners - Completing Housemanship Locally	10	13	9	15	16	-	8	18
• Foreigners - Completing Housemanship Overseas	123	150	67	113	251	296	232	182
TOTAL	133	163	76	128	267	296	240	200
GRAND TOTAL	1,026	1,223	1,164	781	1,235	1,433	2,041	1,926

The number of foreign medical practitioners granted registration under section 14(3) according to sector and employer between 2001 and 2007 is illustrated in **Appendix II**.

2.3. Annual Practising Certificates:

Pursuant to section 20 of the Medical Act, fully registered medical practitioners who wish to practice medicine in a particular year need to apply for Annual Practising Certificate.

Appendix III illustrates the number of Annual Practising Certificates issued according to state and sector between 2000 to 2007 whilst **Appendix IV** details it according to ethnic origins. It is noted that there has been a steady increase in the number of Annual Practising Certificates issued.

2.4. Temporary Practising Certificate:

Section 16 of the Act provides for the issuance of Temporary Practising Certificates to practitioners registered outside Malaysia who intend to practise medicine in Malaysia either for the purpose of undergoing post-graduate courses at local institutions, training of local practitioners during workshops/conferences or for research/attachment. The certificate is renewable quarterly. The number of the Temporary Practising Certificate issued by the Council also increased from year to year (**Appendix V**).

2.5. Letter of Good Standing:

The Letter of Good Standing is required for the purpose of registration with other foreign medical councils or registering bodies. The certificate is issued upon request to any registered medical practitioner who has no disciplinary action pending or taken against him.

The number of Letters of Good Standing issued over the years, reflected in Table 2.3. below shows a steady increase.

Table 2.3. Number of Letter of Good Standing Issued, 2000-2007:

YEAR	No. Issued
2000	90
2001	174
2002	208
2003	273
2004	347
2005	439
2006	385
2007	496

2.6. Medical Qualifying Examination:

Pursuant to the Medical Act 1971, only individuals possessing recognized basic medical degrees as listed in the Second Schedule are eligible to register and practise medicine in Malaysia whilst graduates from unrecognized colleges have to sit and pass the Medical Qualifying Examination in three local universities or examining bodies before their registrations are accepted.

Section 12(1) of the Medical Act 1971 states:

- (1) *Subject to the provisions of this Act and the regulations thereunder, a person shall be entitled to be provisionally registered as a medical practitioner, Solely for the purpose of obtaining the experience specified in section 13, upon application to the Registrar in the prescribed form if –*
- (b) *he holds –*
 - (i) *any of the qualifications specified in the third column of the Second Schedule granted by an institution specified in relation to that qualification in the second column of that Schedule; or*
 - (ii) *a qualification in medicine and surgery other than the qualifications referred to in subparagraph (i), deemed suitable for registration by the Minister after consulting the Council;*
- (aa) *in the case of a person who holds a qualification referred to in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (a), he has passed such examination as may be prescribed or set for the purpose of this paragraph by a body approved by the Minister.*

Section 12(1)(aa) of the Act gives provisions to the Minister to conduct examination for medical undergraduates from institutions not listed in the Second Schedule of the Act. Successful candidates are then eligible for provisional registration with the Council.

The principal aim of the Medical Qualifying Examination is to determine whether an individual has the necessary basic knowledge and skills to practise safe medicine. Hence, graduates from unrecognized colleges will be assessed at par with final year medical undergraduates of the relevant local examining bodies.

The examinations are held at Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia, University of Malaya and Universiti Sains Malaysia twice a year in March and October. The candidates are subjected to the rules and the regulations of those examining bodies with regards to the examination, the resitting of any examination and the imposition of any fee.

The outcomes of the examination for the years 2003 to 2007 are tabulated in **Appendix VI**.

CHAPTER 3 – ACCREDITATION & RECOGNITION OF MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS

It is the responsibility of the Council as the custodian of the medical profession in Malaysia to ensure that only qualified persons are allowed to practice this noble profession. To that effect, only graduates from medical training institutions that meet certain standards and criteria should be allowed to practice.

Hence, recognition, the process of according a status to a programme offered by an institution to enable its graduates to be eligible for registration with the Council, is an important prerequisite. During the process, an external evaluation based on a set of criteria and standards judged to be good practices for the discipline is carried out by a group of peers. Usually, recognition is a one-off exercise.

To ensure the quality of provision and standards of medical education and training are being safeguarded and enhanced, a regular appraisal of recognition or better known as accreditation has been introduced as a quality assurance mechanism. Under the initiative, recognized institutions are evaluated on a regular basis between 1-5 years depending on the conformance to the standards set by the Council. The accreditation process assists medical institutions in the attainment of structures and functions as well as the performance of graduates in compliance with national norms of preparation for practice and training. The standards are contained in the 'Guidelines on Standards and Criteria in the Accreditation of Basic Medical Education Programme in Malaysia'. This Guideline was revised and approved by the Council in August 2007.

For that purpose, a Joint Technical Committee for the Accreditation of Medical Programmes was formed. The Committee comprises five public agencies; Malaysian Medical Council, National Accreditation Board, Ministry of Health, Ministry of Higher Education and Public Services Department. The Committee members are appointed by the President of the Council. The Members of the Joint Technical Committee for the Accreditation of Medical Programmes for the year 2006-2007 as listed in Table 3.1.

No.	Name	Representing	Tenure of appointment
1.	Tan Sri Dato' Seri Dr. Hj. Mohd. Ismail Merican	Malaysian Medical Council	Ex-officio
2.	Datuk Dr Yeoh Poh Hong	Malaysian Medical Council	Ongoing.
3.	Prof. Dato' Dr. Mafauzy bin Mohamed	Malaysian Medical Council	Till 07 August 2007 (Expiry of appointment)
4.	Prof. Dr. Zabidi Azhar bin Mohd Hussin	Malaysian Medical Council	Till 03 August 2007. (Expiry of appointment)
5.	Datuk Dr. Abdul Gani Bin Mohammed Din	Ministry of Health	Till 23 June 2006. Retired.
6. 7.	Dato' Dr. Mahmud bin Mohd Nor Dato' Noorimi Binti Haji Morad	Ministry of Health Ministry of Health	Ongoing. w.e.f. 23 June 2006 replacing Datuk Dr. Abdul Gani Bin Mohammed Din
8.	Prof. Dato' Dr. Sharifah Hapsah bt Syed Shahabuddin	Ministry of Higher Education 2006.	Till 1 January Reassigned to the National Accreditation Board.

9.	Prof. Dr. Fareedah Al Hady	Ministry of Higher Education	w.e.f 1 January 2006 Education replacing Prof. Dato' Dr. Sharifah Hapsah. Till 31 October 2007 due to dissolution of Quality Assurance Division, Ministry of Higher Education.
10.	Prof. Dato' Dr. Md. Tahir bin Azhar	Ministry of Higher Education	Ongoing
11.	Pn. Zita binti Mohd Fahmi	National Accreditation Board	Ongoing
12.	En. Zaini Arshad	Public Services Department	Till 27 June 2006.
13.	En. Mohd. Ali Bin Jabar	Public Services Department	w.e.f. 28 June 2006 replacing En. Zaini Arshad

Table 3.1. Members of the Joint Technical Committee for the Accreditation of Medical Programmes for the year 2006-2007.

The terms of reference of the Committee are as follows:

- To determine standards and criteria for the establishment and approval of medical training programmes and institutions and make recommendations to the Ministry of Higher Education;
- To prepare and regularly update guidelines and standards for accreditation and recognition of medical training programmes and institutions for the purpose of licensing under the Medical Act 1971;
- To conduct visits to evaluate and accredit medical training programmes and institutions for the purpose of licensing under the Medical Act 1971;
- To appoint panel of visitors for accreditation and recognition purposes to medical training institutions;
- To study reports of accrediting teams and make recommendations to the Malaysian Medical Council for ratification;
- To monitor and regulate standards of medical program and make recommendations to the Malaysian Medical Council to withdraw the recognition of any institutions flouting the standards; and
- To monitor, evaluate and make recommendations to the Malaysian Medical Council pertaining to changes in name, curriculum and affiliation of recognized institutions.

Visits are made to medical schools for the sole purpose of physical evaluation towards granting recognition. During visits, the panel of auditors appointed by the Joint Technical Committee would conduct site inspection as well as interviews with students, staff and administrators. Based on the report, the Joint Technical Committee will make recommendations to the Council. If the Council is satisfied with the ability of an institution in producing safe doctors, it will then be forwarded to the Health Minister for gazettment into the Second Schedule for the purpose of licensing to practice medicine in Malaysia. The Second Schedule in the Medical Act 1971 details out the list of recognized institutions. Presently, 350 medical schools are recognized and their graduates are eligible for registration with the Council.

Even after granting recognition or accreditation, the Council is empowered to withdraw the recognition or accreditation from any college or institution that fails to conform to

the requirements set forthwith. This is explicitly stated in section 12(3) of the Medical Act, where the Health Minister 'may from time to time, after consulting the Council, add to, delete from or amend the Second Schedule by order published in the Gazette.' Under this provision, medical training institution is accorded recognition.

Table 3.2. highlights the visits conducted to the local medical training institutions in 2006 and 2007.

Table 3.2. Visits Conducted to Local Medical Training Institutions and Outcome, 2006-2007:

No.	Training Institution	Visiting Date	Outcome
1.	Universiti Islam Antarabangsa Malaysia	12-14/11/2007	Report being prepared.
2.	Universiti Malaysia Sabah	22-24/10/2007 (Accreditation)	Report to be presented at JTPPP meeting on 7 March 2008.
3.	Universiti Teknologi Mara	05-07/11/2007 (Accreditation)	Report to be presented at JTPPP meeting on 7 March 2008.
4.	Universiti Sains Islam Malaysia	23-24/11/2006 (Post-approval)	Institution to address areas of concern before next visit.
5.	International Medical University	03-04/10/2006 (Post-accreditation)	3 year accreditation period commencing from 4 October 2006 approved with conditions.
6.	Penang Medical College	26 – 28/03/2007 (Accreditation renewal)	3 years conditional accreditation conferred commencing 16 September 2006.
7.	Melaka-Manipal Medical College	The Accreditation renewal from 24-29 March 2006	3 years conditional accreditation conferred commencing 9 July 2006.
8.	Royal College of Medicine, Perak (MBBS Malaya Programme)	22-23 February 2006	3 year accreditation period commencing from 19 January approved with conditions.
9.	UnikL- Royal College of Medicine, Perak	The pre-approval visit was conducted from 16-19/01/2006	The programme was approved for first intake in July 2007.
10.	Asian Institute of Medical Sciences and Technology	The accreditation visit was conducted from 14-17 August 2007	3 years conditional accreditation conferred commencing 17 August 2007.
11.	Alliance College of Medical Sciences	The pre-approval visit was conducted from 22-23 March 2006	Institution to address areas of concern before accreditation visit in early 2008.
12.	University College Sedaya International	11/8/06 2006 (Post-Approval)	Institution to address areas of concern before accreditation visit in June-Dec 2008.
13.	Cyberjaya University of Medical Sciences	11 Ogos 2006 (Post-Approval)	Institution to address areas of concern before accreditation visit in Jan-June 2010.

In 2006, Perak Royal College of Medicine (in conjunction with the University of Sheffield) was accredited, whilst Asian Institute of Medicine, Science & Technology or better known as AIMST University was accorded the same in 2007. Until December 2007, approved and accredited local undergraduate medical schools are listed in Table 3.3. below.

Table 3.3. List of Accredited Local Undergraduate Medical Schools till December 2007.

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
Name	Accreditation Date
1. University of Malaya	15 January 1971
2. Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia	22 June 1979
3. Universiti Sains Malaysia	11 July 1986
4. Universiti Malaysia Sarawak	15 May 2000
5. Universiti Putra Malaysia	05 June 2001
6. Universiti Islam Antarabangsa Malaysia	14 May 2002
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS	
Name	Accreditation Date
7. Penang Medical College	June 2001
8. International Medical University	19 Februari 2002
9. Melaka-Manipal Medical College	09 July 2003
10. Perak Royal College of Medicine (University of Sheffield)	19 January 2006
11. Asian Institute of Medicine, Science & Technology (AIMST)	17 August 2007

The twinning programme of the Perak Royal College of Medicine with the University of Sheffield ended after the final batch of students graduated in December 2004. The College then started a new twinning programme with the University of Malaya. However, this twinning programme lasted till July 2007. Since then, the College is affiliated to Universiti Kuala Lumpur.

Until December 2007, there were 10 undergraduate programme awaiting accreditation. The accreditation visit will be done once the first batch reaches the final year. These programmes are as shown in Table 3.45. below.

Table 3.4. List of Approved Local Undergraduate Medical Schools till December 2007.

Public	Year Established	Year to be Accredited
1. Universiti Malaysia Sabah	2003	2008
2. Universiti Teknologi Mara	2003	2008
3. Kolej Universiti Islam Malaysia	2004	2009
4. Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia with Universiti Padjadjaran, Indonesia	2006	2011
Private		
5. Allianze College of Medical Sciences	2003	2008
6. University College Sedaya International	2003	2008
7. Monash University Sunway Campus	2004	2009
8. Cyberjaya University College of Medical Sciences	2005	2010
9. International Medical School, Bangalore (under Management & Science University).	2006	2011
10. Universiti Andalas, Indonesia with Management & Science University, Malaysia.	2006	2011
12. Perak Royal College of Medicine (Universiti Kuala Lumpur)	2007	2012

Between 2006 and 2007, another five foreign medical training institutions were recognised by the Council and subsequently approved by the Health Minister to be inserted in the Second Schedule of the Medical Act 1971. The institutions were as follows:

Country	Name of the institution	With effect from
1. Republic Czech	First faculty of Medicine, Charles University in Prague	25 October 2004
	Faculty of Medicine in Hradec Kralove, Charles University in Prague	25 October 2004
	Faculty of Medicine, Palacky University, Olomouc	25 October 2004
2. Austria	Medical University of Vienna	23 August 2005
3. Australia	University James Cook, Australia	7 May 2006

Table 3.5. List of Newly Recognized Foreign Medical Training Institutions, 2006-2007

CHAPTER 4 – HOUSEMANSHIP TRAINING

4.1. The Power:

The Medical Qualifying Board is established under subsection 13(1)(aa) of the Medical Act 1971 for the purpose of section 13(2) of the Act which states that:

'The provisionally registered person shall, immediately upon being registered, engage in employment in a resident medical capacity to the satisfaction of the Medical Qualifying Board for a period of not less than one year in a hospital or an institution in Malaysia which is approved by the said board for the purpose of such employment; four months of such period shall be spent in a resident surgical post, four months in a resident medical post and four months in a resident Obstetric and Gynecology post; at the conclusion of satisfactory services, as certified by the Medical Qualifying Board, under this paragraph, the provisionally registered person shall be entitled to a certificate issued by the Council in the prescribed form as evidence thereof.'

Section 14(1) states:

'Subject to the provisions of this Act, no person shall be entitled to be fully registered as a medical practitioner under this Act unless –
(a) he has been provisionally registered under section 12; and
(b) he furnishes proof of having satisfied the provisions of section 13.'

4.2. Composition of the Medical Qualifying Board:

Section 13(1A) states:

'(1A) For the purposes of subsection (2) there shall be established a Board to be known as the Medical Qualifying Board consisting of –
(a) the Director General as Chairman; and
(b) an equal number representatives from each of the Faculties of Medicine of the Universities established under the Universities and University Colleges Act, 1971, to be determined and appointed by the Minister.'

The Board members between 2006-2007 are listed in Table 4.1. below:

Table 4.1. Members of the Medical Qualifying Board for 2006-2007:

Names	Representing	Tenure of appointment
1. Tan Sri Dato' Seri Dr. Hj. Mohd. Ismail bin Merican	MOH	Ex-Officio
2. Prof. Dato' Dr. Mohd Amin Jalaludin	Universiti Malaya	01/01/06 – 31/12/07
3. Prof. Dr. Looi Lai Meng	Universiti Malaya	01/01/06 – 31/12/07
4. Prof. Dr. Wan Mohamad Wan Bebakar	Universiti Sains Malaysia	01/01/06 – 31/12/07
5. Prof. Madya Dr. Abdul Rahman Mohd. Noor	Universiti Sains Malaysia	01/01/06 – 31/12/07
6. Prof. Dr. Mohamed Khairuddin Abdul Wahab	Universiti Malaysia Sarawak	01/01/06 – 28/02/06
7. Prof. Madya Dr. Abang Bennet Abang Taha	Universiti Malaysia Sarawak	Optional retirement 01/06/05
8. Prof. Dr. A. Rahman A. Jamal	Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia	01/01/06 – 31/12/07

9. Prof. Dr. Masbah bin Omar	Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia	01/01/06 – 31/12/07
10. Prof. Dr. Azhar Md. Zain	Universiti Putra Malaysia	01/01/06 – 31/12/07
11. Prof. Madya Dr. D. Kamarudin D. Mudin	Universiti Malaysia Sabah	01/03/06 – 28/02/08
12. Prof. Dr. Pan Kok Long	Universiti Malaysia Sarawak	01/05/06 – 30/04/08 Replacing Prof. Dr. Mohamed Khairuddin Abdul Wahab

The terms of reference were:

- a. To evaluate and approve hospitals as training centres for houseman;
- b. To approve application for full registration;
- c. To decide on standards and criteria of houseman training module; and
- d. To advise the Director General of Health in matters pertaining to houseman training.

4.3. Houseman Training Hospitals and Institutions:

In year 2006, Hospital Batu Pahat was approved for housemanship training centre and Hospital Temerloh in 2007 making an additional of 36 posts available. The list of 31 hospitals approved for the training till 31 December 2007 is as indicated in Appendix VII.

4.5. Extension of Housemanship Training:

Pursuant to subsection 13(2) of the Act, provisionally registered persons are required to undertake housemanship training for a period of not less than one year.

For various reasons, a number of house officers had the tenure of their housemanship extended as tabulated in **Appendices VIII to X**.

CHAPTER 5 – PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT AND DISCIPLINE:

5.1. Disciplinary Jurisdiction of the Council:

Section 29 of the Medical Act 1971 states that:

'29. (1) The Council shall have disciplinary jurisdiction over all persons registered under this Act.

(2) The Council may exercise disciplinary jurisdiction over any registered person who –

- (a) has been convicted in Malaysia or elsewhere of any offence punishable with imprisonment (whether in itself only or in addition to or in lieu of a fine);*
- (b) has been guilty of infamous conduct in any professional respect;*
- (c) has obtained registration by fraud or misrepresentation;*
- (d) was not at the time of his registration entitled to be registered; or*

has since been removed from the register of medical practitioners maintained in any place outside Malaysia.'

Procedures of disciplinary enquiries are outlined in Regulations 26 to 33 of Medical Regulations 1974. Regulation 26 authorizes the President of the Council to appoint Preliminary Investigation Committee (PIC). To date, the President has appointed five PICs. The fifth PIC was formed in 2006. The membership of these PICs is shown in **Appendix XI**.

5.2. Professional Conduct:

The members of the medical profession are expected to abide by a code of conduct established by the profession itself. The purpose of this code is to safeguard the public, ensure propriety in professional practice and to prevent abuse of professional privileges.

The Council adopted its Code of Conduct on December 1986, and published it in April 1987. In addition, the Council adopted two other booklets namely 'Good Medical Practice' and 'Confidentiality' in January 2001 to supplement and complement its Code of Professional Conduct.

The Code of Professional Conduct gives details of misconduct for which practitioners can be disciplined. They are grouped under four headings:

- a. Neglect or disregard of professional responsibilities;
- b. Abuse of professional privileges and skills;
- c. Conduct derogatory to the reputation of the medical profession; and
- d. Advertising, canvassing and related professional offences.

To give further advice and guidance to practitioners, the Council has endorsed a set of nine ethical guidelines in 2007. The guidelines are:

- a. Brain Death
- b. Clinical Trials & Biomedical Research
- c. Dissemination Of Information By The Medical Profession
- d. Ethical Implications Of Doctors In Conflict Situations
- e. Medical Genetics & Genetic Services
- f. Medical Records & Medical Reports
- g. Organ Transplantation
- h. Relationship Between Doctors & The Pharmaceutical Industry
- i. Assisted Reproduction

These guidelines are available for download from the Council's website: <http://mmc.gov.my>

5.3. Disciplinary Enquiry:

A disciplinary enquiry is a two-step procedure. The first step is an investigation by a PIC of a complaint or information against a practitioner forwarded to it by the President of the Council to be investigated.

A total of 69 complaints were received in 2006 and 41 in 2007. The nature of complaints referred to the Council for investigation has remained much the same as in the previous years. The majority relates to neglect or disregard of professional responsibilities.

Based on the number of actively practicing practitioners based on the number of Annual Practicing Certificates issued in 2006 (16,861) and 2007 (18,345), the complaint per 1,000 registered medical practitioners were 4 and 2 respectively.

Appendix XII and **Appendix XIII** provide the status of enquiry of cases by PIC and its outcome for the years 2006 to 2007 respectively.

5.4. Disciplinary Punishments:

The second step is an inquiry by the Council forwarded to it by the PIC. Table 5.1. shows the outcome of Council inquiry for years 2003-2007.

Table 5.1. Outcome of Council Inquiry for Years 2003-2007:

Types of Punishment	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
a. Charge dismissed and practitioner found not guilty	1	5	6	12	10
b. Name of Practitioner Struck off from the Medical Register	0	0	0	2	0
c. Name suspended from the Medical Register	1	2	9	8	6
d. Reprimanded	3	3	5	6	8
TOTAL	5	10	20	28	24

The majority of cases meted with punishment continues to relate to issues of clinical care and competence.

Tables 5.2. and 5.3. below show the types of ethical offences and disciplinary punishments meted out by the Council in 2006 and 2007 respectively.

Table 5.2. Types of Ethical Offences and Disciplinary Punishment Meted Out in 2006:

No.	Types of Ethical Offences	Disciplinary Punishment	Status
1.	Prescribing penicillin to patient who was allergic to penicillin	Reprimanded	Undergone punishment
2.	Associating with untrained x-ray technician	Suspended for 6 months & reprimanded	Undergone punishment
3.	Advertising	Reprimanded	Undergone punishment
4.	Advertising	Suspended for 6 months	Undergone Punishment
5.	Associated with unregistered person	Suspended for 6 months	Appealed to high court

6.	Sexual relationship with patient	Suspended for 2 years	Appealed to high court
7.	Neglected/disregarded professional responsibilities	Suspended for 6 months	Appealed to high court
8.	Usage of unconventional method of treatment	Suspended for 1 year	Appealed to high court
9.	Forged signature on loan document-found guilty by court	Reprimanded	Undergone punishment
10.	Convicted in court for possession of psychotropic drugs	Suspended for 2 years	Undergone punishment
11.	Failure to provide good standard of medical care	Reprimanded	Appealed to high court
12.	Failure to provide good standard of medical care	Reprimanded	Appealed to high court
13.	Conducting medical practice in association with pharmacy	Reprimanded	Undergone punishment
14.	Sexual relationship with patient	Suspended for 6 months	Appealed to high court
15.	Obtained registration by fraud or misrepresentation	Deregistered	Appealed to high court
16.	Falsifying documents to obtain birth certificates illegally	Deregistered	Appealed to high court

Table 5.3. Types of Ethical Offences and Disciplinary Punishment Meted Out in 2007:

No.	Types of Ethical Offences	Disciplinary Punishment	Status
1.	Emotional/Sexual relationship with patient	6 Months suspension	Appealed to high court
2.	Falsifying birth certificate-found guilty in court	Reprimanded	Undergone punishment
3.	Issuing false medical report	Reprimanded	Undergone punishment
4.	Stating patient has diabetes when he is not a diabetic	Reprimanded	Undergone punishment
5.	Not removing stones from patient kidney as claimed – Subsequent X-ray showed stones still present	Reprimanded	Undergone punishment
6.	Not initiating emergency care to complaints father when he was brought into his clinic in a serious condition but directing that the patient be sent to a hospital	Reprimanded	Undergone punishment
7.	Associating with unqualified/unregistered person-found guilty in court for not keep psychotropic drug in a proper place	Suspended for 12 months	Appealed to high court

8.	Found guilty in court for possession of psychotropic drugs	Suspended for two years but suspend the suspension subject to supervision and regular review.	Undergone punishment
9.	Associated with unregistered person in running diabetic camp	Suspended for 3 months	Undergone punishment
10.	Issuing medical report of wife to husband without consent	Reprimanded	Undergone punishment
11.	Failure to keep proper record of psychotropic drugs – found guilty by court	Suspended for 6 months	Undergone punishment
12.	Did not examine patient pre-operatively	Reprimanded	Undergone punishment
13.	Issuing medical certificates without examining	Suspended for 1 year	Appealed to high court
14.	Giving medical report to third party without consent of patient	Reprimanded	Undergone punishment

5.5. Appeal Against Orders of the Council/Judicial Review:

Section 31(1) and 31A says:

31. Appeal against orders of the Council

- (1) Any person who is aggrieved by any order made in respect of him by the Council in the exercise of its disciplinary jurisdiction may appeal to the High Court, and the High Court, and the High Court may thereupon affirm, reverse or vary the order appealed against or may give such direction in the matter as it thinks proper, the cost of the appeal shall be in the discretion of the High Court.
- (2) The decision of the High Court upon such appeal shall be final
- (3) The practice in relation to any such appeal shall be subject to the rules of court application in the Court;

Provided that the High Court shall not have power to hear any appeal against an order made under section 30 unless notice of such appeal was given within one month of the service of the order in the prescribed manner.

31A. Restoration of name to Register

- (1) No person whose name has been struck off from the Register under the provisions of paragraph (i) of section 10 shall thereafter be entitled to be registered as a medical practitioner under the provisions of this Act, but the Council may, if it thinks fit in any case to do so, on the application of the person concerned, order that the name of such person be restored to the Register; and where the name of a person has been suspended from the

Register under paragraph (ii) of that section such person shall be entitled at the expiration of period of suspension, but not earlier, to apply for the certificate of registration and the annual practising certificate (if the period for which it is issued is still unexpired) to be returned to him.

- (2) *An application under subsection (1) shall be made in such manner or form and accompanied by such document, photographs, particulars and fees as may be prescribed.*

12 practitioners (9 in 2006 and 3 in 2007) have appealed to the High Court of Kuala Lumpur against the Council's orders.

CHAPTER 6 – COMPULSORY SERVICE

The compulsory national service started in 1971 when the Medical Act 1971 (Act 50) was enacted. Every fully registered practitioner has to serve a minimum period of three years within the public services (as defined under Article 132 of the Federal Constitution) to overcome the shortage of medical practitioners in the country in a medical post as ordered by the Director General of Health. This provision is stipulated in Part VII of the Medical Act 1971.

In 1997, the Cabinet approved the proposal to give either partial or full exemption of compulsory service to Malaysian medical officers or specialists working abroad who wished to come back and serve the country. They were allowed to work in the private sector provided they also performed community service in government hospitals or clinics. As an incentive to attract more Malaysian specialists abroad to come back and serve the country, the Honourable Health Minister agreed to revise the previous directive for compulsory service. In September 2004, the Cabinet agreed to the new revised compulsory service directives and it came into force immediately. The current criteria imposed for exemption from compulsory service are as follows:

- Aged 45 years old and above, regardless of having postgraduate degrees or otherwise; or
- Having a postgraduate qualifications in need in Malaysia as prescribed by the Committee on Exemption of Compulsory Service; or
- To work in public or private universities or military hospitals provided the practitioner serves the institution for a continuous period of 3 years.

Since the new incentive was introduced, a number of Malaysian practitioners working overseas have return to serve the country. Table 6.1. below shows the number of practitioners benefited from the compulsory services for the years 2003 - 2007.

Table 6.1. Number of Practitioners Benefited from the Relaxation of Compulsory Services for the Years 2003 - 2007.

TYPES OF BENEFITS	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
a. Permitted to work in public services outside the Ministry of Health	23	28	9	13	88
b. Compulsory service postponed	12	23	10	18	82
c. Compulsory service exempted	0	1	7	5	12
d. Compulsory service reduced	0	0	1	3	6
TOTAL	35	52	27	39	188

CHAPTER 7 - BUDGET AND EXPENDITURE OF THE COUNCIL:

7.1. Income:

The income of the Council for the years 2002 to 2007 is shown in Table 7.1.

Table 7.1. Income of the Council for Years 2002-2007:

SOURCES OF INCOME	AMOUNT (RM)					
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
1. APC	412,448.22	298,582.35	506,401.55	541,849.00	539,334.80	541,740.70
2. TPC					16,650.00	18,600.00
3. Provisional Registration	47,920.00	63,020.00	73,130.00	78,249.10	48,900.00	51,500.00
4. Full Registration Fees					28,900.00	29,720.00
5. Fine for late APC applications	47,477.75	67,391.75	60,813.65	65,070.61	70,000.00	71,000.00
6. Qualifying Examination fees	10,600.00	25,400.00	12,000.00	12,840.00	3,600.00	5,800.00
TOTAL	518,445.97	454,394.10	652,345.20	698,008.71	707,384.80	718,360.70

All income generated by the Council is credited into the Government's consolidated account.

7.2. Expenditure:

The expenditure of the Council is paid out of the annual budget of the Ministry of Health. Details of the expenditure by item and year are given in Table 7.2.

Table 7.2. Details of Expenditure of the Council by Item, 2002-2007:

EXPENDITURE	AMOUNT (RM)					
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
a. MMC meetings	37,320.00	58,640.00	299,880.00	314,874.00	330,617.70	347,148.58
b. Evaluation Committee meetings	7,620.00	13,800.00	14,300.00	15,015.00	15,765.75	16,554.03
c. Committee meetings of the Council (Ethical, Qualifying, Amendment and others)	71,130.00	92,469.00	101,715.90	106,801.69	112,141.78	117,748.87
d. Joint Technical Accreditation meetings and visits	74,861.00	97,319.00	68,123.00	71,529.15	75,105.61	78,860.89
e. Medical Qualifying Board	62,124.00	38,780.00	34,680.00	36,414.00	38,234.70	40,146.44
f. Preliminary Investigation Committees (I-IV)	242,976.00	137,640.00	202,240.00	212,352.00	222,969.60	234,118.08
g. Medical Review Panel -	4,198.40	5,248.00	5,510.40	6010.5	6311.03	
h. Utilities – Phones and Faxes	12,000.00	18,000.00	25,200.00	26,460.00	27,783.00	29,172.15
i. Stationaries, photocopies and consumables	93,076.00	116,345.00	151,249.00	158,811.45	166,752.02	175,089.62
j. Postal services	140,400.00	210,600.00	284,310.00	298,525.50	313,451.78	329,124.37
k. Equipment – seal stamping machine, tape recorders, signature plate, shredder, computer, fax, server, etc.	28,700.00	43,050.00	55,965.00	58,763.25	61,701.42	64,786.49
l. Staff salaries (staff – permanent and temporary)	284,754.00	391,236.00	358,519.00	376,444.95	395,267.20	415,030.56

m. Staff – overtime claims and outstation (staff - permanent, temporary and part timers – after office hours)	104,400.00	135,720.00	176,436.00	185,257.80	194,520.69	204,246.73
n. Legal Adviser	247,247.50	265,520.00	624,500.00	655,725.00	688,511.25	722,936.82
o. Gazettelement and advertisement	104,500.00	130,050.00	136,200.00	143,010.00	150,160.50	157,668.53
p. Newspapers	1,200.00	1,212.00	2,040.00	2,142.00	2249.1	2361.56
TOTAL	1,016,277.50	1,754,579.40	2,540,605.90	2,667,636.19	2,801,242.60	2,941,304.75

The expenditure of the Council has increased by about 5%.

APPENDIX I:

Number of Medical Practitioner Provisionally Registered According to Institution Awarding the Degree, 2000 to 2007:

SOURCE	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
• Local Public institutions								
* Universiti Malaya	148	151	188	185	182	156	143	212
* Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia	166	129	176	159	227	166	160	211
* Universiti Sains Malaysia	165	171	189	189	182	150	152	170
* Universiti Putra Malaysia	0	44	80	61	80	86	81	87
* Universiti Malaysia Sarawak	24	39	29	26	6	86	95	79
* International Islamic University of Malaysia	0	0	57	63	69	81	86	92
TOTAL	503	534	719	683	746	725	717	851
• Local Private institutions								
* International Medical University	0	0	57	79	79	110	113	115
* Penang Medical College	0	0	61	27	35	0	33	63
* Perak Medical College	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	0
* Melaka-Manipal Medical College	0	0	0	67	132	122	146	182
TOTAL	0	-	140	173	246	232	292	360
• Foreign institutions	493	495	245	227	134	155	113	323
TOTAL	493	495	245	227	134	155	113	323
GRAND TOTAL	996	1,029	1,104	1,083	1,126	1,112	1,122	1,534

Number of Medical Practitioner Provisionally Registered According to Citizenship, 2000 to 2007:

CITIZENSHIP	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
• Citizens	942	962	1,093	1,062	1,099	1,090	978	1,426
• Non-citizens and Permanent Residents	54	67	11	21	27	22	144	108
TOTAL	996	1,029	1,104	1,083	1,126	1,112	1,534	

APPENDIX II

Number of Foreign Medical Practitioners Granted Full Registration Under Section 14(3) According to Sector and Employer, 2001 to 2007:

a. Public Sector	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
• Ministry of Health	34	147	838	228	174	77	54
• Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia	15	10	5	10	15	8	9
• University of Malaya	27	23	22	12	22	23	24
• Universiti Sains Malaysia	22	22	12	19	21	21	24
• Universiti Malaysia Sabah	3	0	2	1	0	17	15
• Universiti Putra Malaysia	1	7	3	1	1	3	2
• Universiti Utara Malaysia	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
• Universiti Islam Antarabangsa Malaysia	9	4	9	0	4	6	1
• Universiti Malaysia Sarawak	0	1	13	2	2	6	16
• Universiti Teknologi Mara	0	0	0	1	0	2	3
• Armed Forces Malaysia	0	8	12	0	5	16	0
• Universiti Malaysia Perlis	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
TOTAL	112	222	916	274	246	179	149
b. Private Sector:							
Private Medical Colleges							
• International Medical University	2	3	7	6	5	8	4
• Melaka-Manipal Medical College	1	0	9	23	28	19	15
• Perak Medical College/ KL University							
Royal College of Medicine Perak	2	1	1	1	2	0	3
• Asian Institute of Medical Sciences and Technology (AIMST University)	0	0	0	5	4	5	7
• Penang Medical College	0	2	2	0	0	3	0
• Monash University Sunway Campus	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
• University College Sedaya International	0	0	0	0	0	4	3
Private Healthcare Facilities							
• Bakun Hydroelectric Project	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
• Berjaya Resort	0	2	0	2	0	2	0
• Damai Service Hospital	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
• Dewan Bandaraya Kuala Lumpur	0	0	0	0	1	3	2
• Gribbles Pathology (M) Sdn. Bhd.	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
• Hospital Lam Wah Ee	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
• Hospital Pakar Ampang Puteri	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
• Hospital Pantai Mutiara	0	0	2	0	3	0	1
• National Heart Institute	12	5	3	1	2	3	6
• Klinik Raj dan Rakan-Rakan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
• Klinik Ruslan Amin, Lahad Datu	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
• Mount Miriam Hospital	1	1	1	0	1	2	2
• Nilai Cancer Institute	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
• Nilai Medical Centre	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
• Normah Specialist Medical Centre	6	0	1	1	2	3	0

• Penang Adventist Hospital	0	2	3	4	1	2	1
• Prince Court Medical Centre/Petronas	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
• Pusat Kesihatan Pemulihan Kuala Lumpur Rotary PERKIM	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
• Putra Specialist Hospital	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
• Sabah Family Planning Association	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
• Sabah Medical Centre	1	0	1	1	0	1	1
• Southern Hospital	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
• Tun Hussein Onn Eye Hospital	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
• Wijaya Baru Medical Services /Wijaya International Medical Centre	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
• Yayasan Al Bukhary	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
TOTAL	30	17	32	44	52	22	18
GRAND TOTAL	142	239	948	318	298	240	200

APPENDIX III

Number of Annual Practising Certificates Issued According to State and Sector, 2000 to 2007:

According to States	2000		2001		2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007	
	Pb	Pr	Pb	Pr	Pb	Pr	Pb	Pr	Pb	Pr	Pb	Pr	Pb	Pr	Pb	Pr
Federal Territory																
Kuala Lumpur	1,534	1,360	1,527	1,418	1,645	1,542	1,778	1,623	1,700	1,783	1,686	1,825	1,675	1,545	2,239	1,762
Federal Territory																
Labuan	10	14	12	16	10	16	7	16	9	15	8	15	13	12	18	16
Federal Territory																
Putrajaya	2	0	21	0	36	0	82	0	85	3	119	3	202	6	254	9
Johor	352	777	367	807	407	846	456	862	461	874	477	891	456	924	612	981
Kedah	255	382	282	398	326	411	316	410	338	447	349	457	355	444	446	458
Kelantan	531	170	582	172	623	176	574	186	584	186	595	194	595	192	637	209
Melaka	173	252	186	268	185	283	173	293	239	333	247	344	231	326	306	378
N. Sembilan	194	265	219	271	227	280	259	290	290	320	306	334	212	319	354	341
Pahang	201	235	243	252	272	274	286	289	305	311	316	319	223	311	340	355
Pulau Pinang	282	728	294	773	311	796	320	781	346	841	357	853	370	822	514	874
Perak	411	711	427	741	418	777	507	764	514	892	527	919	483	773	662	803
Perlis	49	33	44	31	56	32	50	37	78	36	83	44	60	33	95	28
Selangor	677	1,606	651	1,685	615	1,830	685	1,891	721	2,050	735	2,097	757	2103	1198	2337
Terengganu	141	123	156	127	174	135	210	140	201	144	219	153	227	141	260	166
Sabah	202	277	239	292	284	309	200	288	268	329	279	337	225	312	462	342
Sarawak	205	276	220	286	262	311	308	343	327	362	332	377	300	339	471	357
Total	5,219	7,209	5,470	7,537	5,851	8,018	6,211	8,213	6,466	8,926	6,635	9,162	6,384	8,602	8,868	9,416
Grand Total	12,428		13,007		13,869		14,424		15,392		15,797		14,986		18,284	

(Key: Pb = Public; Pr = Private)

APPENDIX IV:

Number of Annual Practising Certificates Issued According to Ethnic Origins for Years 2000 – 2007:

YEAR	PUBLIC SECTOR					PRIVATE SECTOR					GRAND TOTAL
	MALAY	CHINESE	INDIAN	OTHERS*	TOTAL	MALAY	CHINESE	INDIAN	OTHERS*	TOTAL	
2000	2,682	1,128	1,232	177	5,219	1,888	2,727	2,465	129	7,209	12,428
2001	2,817	1,177	1,258	218	5,470	1,920	2,773	2,495	169	7,537	13,007
2002	3,007	1,247	1,305	292	5,851	2,148	3,014	2,638	218	8,018	13,869
2003	3,248	1,324	1,341	298	6,211	2,201	3,090	2,693	229	8,213	14,424
2004	3,368	1,407	1,379	316	6,470	2,328	3,229	2,749	616	8,922	15,392
2005	3,396	1,469	1,395	375	6,635	2,437	3,298	2,797	630	9,162	15,797
2006	4,303	1,431	1,192	972	7,898	2,544	3,059	2,067	1,533	9,203	17,101
2007	4,797	1,677	1,313	1,081	8,868	2,642	3,103	2,113	1,558	9,416	18,284

(Key – Others* refers to the minor ethnic groups encompassing Kadazan, Iban and others as well as non-Malaysians.)

APPENDIX V

Practitioners Given Temporary Practicing Certificate According to Institutions, 2000-2007:

INSTITUTIONS/INDIVIDUALS	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
A.Universities/Colleges:								
1. Hospital Universiti Sains Malaysia and Universiti Sains Malaysia	1	2	43	77	107	97	129	136
2. Hospital Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia	3	10	12	1	3	3	130	101
3. Melaka-Manipal Medical College	15	34	11	0	0	0	0	
4. Penang Medical College	3	2	1	2	2	0	0	0
5. University of Malaya	1	5	16	23	68	167	102	76
6. University of Malaya Medical Center	4	5	21	7	7	17	46	88
7. Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia	2	10	36	109	137	0	0	
8. Universiti Malaysia Sarawak	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0
9. International Islamic University Malaysia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
10. Universiti Putra Malaysia	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
11. Universiti Teknologi MARA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
B.Healthcare Facilities								
12. Ampang Putri Medical Centre	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
13. Gleneagles Medical Centre	2	1	3	1	3	2	6	2
14. Hockey World Cup Kuala Lumpur	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
15. Hospital Alor Setar	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
16. Hospital Ipoh	2	0	0	1	0	1	2	1
17. Hospital Johor Bharu	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	
18. Hospital Kuala Lumpur	7	3	12	11	6	8	15	15
19. Hospital Kuala Terengganu	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
20. Hospital Lam Wah Ee	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
21. Hospital Melaka	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22. Hospital Pulau Pinang	1	6	6	4	3	7	4	4
23. Hospital Putrajaya	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2
24. Hospital Selayang	8	3	9	0	3	1	2	2

25.	Hospital Sibü	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26.	Hospital Sultanah Fatimah Muar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
27.	Hospital Ratu Elizabeth	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
28.	Hospital Serdang	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
29.	Hospital Tunku Jaafar Seremban	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0
30.	Hospital Sungai Petani	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
31.	Hospital Umum Sarawak	0	0	3	0	0	1	1	0	1	2	0	0
32.	Hospital Tg. Ampuan Afzan	3	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33.	Island Hospital	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
34.	Mankota Medical Centre	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
35.	Monash University Malaysia	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
36.	National Heart Institute	4	3	19	16	59	58	77	50	50	77	50	0
37.	Normah Specialist Medical Centre	5	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
38.	Pantai Medical Centre	0	0	0	0	0	5	4	0	0	4	0	0
39.	Penang Adventist Hospital	1	0	0	6	4	0	0	3	0	0	3	0
40.	PK Palliative Care	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
41.	Pulau Tiga, Berjaya Hotel	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
42.	Sabah Medical Centre	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
43.	Sri Kota Medical Centre	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
44.	South East Asian Games	0	45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
45.	Subang Jaya Medical Centre	0	0	5	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0
46.	Sunway Medical Centre	0	0	1	1	0	3	1	2	0	1	2	0
47.	Tun Hussein Onn National Eye Hospital	0	0	0	0	10	7	1	6	0	1	6	0
48.	Nilai Cancer Hospital	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0
49.	Prince Court Medical Centre	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	0
50.	Program ORBIS Flying Eye Hospital (Kuching International Airport)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	13	0
51.	Society of Anti-Ageing	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0
52.	Putra Hospital Melaka	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
53.	Roopi Medical Centre	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0
54.	Timberland Medical Centre	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	0
55.	Damansara Specialist Hospital	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
	TOTAL	52	112	204	205	389	520	535	523				

APPENDIX VI: Results of Examination Under Section 12(1)(aa) According to Examining Body, 2003-2007:

2003

	UKM	MARCH USM	UM	OCTOBER UKM	USM	UM
Number of new candidates registered	9	No examination held		48	26	40
Number of repeat candidates	0			0	8	0
Total number registered	9			48	34	40
Number deferring examination	4			5	0	0
Actual number of candidates sat	5			43	34	40
Fail (1st attempt)	1			0	0	0
Fail (2nd attempt)	3			0	0	0
Fail (3rd attempt)	0			0	0	0
Total Number of failures	4			35	22	18
Number Passed	1			8	12	22
Percentage Passed	20			18.6	35.3	55

2004

	UKM	MARCH USM	UM	OCTOBER UKM	USM	UM
Number of new candidates registered	7	No examination held	0	17	11	11
Number of repeat candidates	9		8	0	0	0
Total number registered	16		8	17	11	11
Number deferring examination	0		4	0	0	0
Actual number of candidates sat	9		11	17	11	11
Fail (1st attempt)	0		0	4	0	1
Fail (2nd attempt)	0		2	6	0	0
Fail (3rd attempt)	0		3	4	0	2
Total Number of failures	8		5	10	7	3
Number Passed	1		2	2	4	8
Percentage Passed	11.11		18.18	11.8	36.36	72.72

2003

	MARCH		OCTOBER	
	UKM	USM	UKM	USM
Number of new candidates registered	2	2	No examination held	1
Number of repeat candidates	4	4		3
Total number registered	6	6		4
Number deferring examination	3	0		0
Actual number of candidates sat	6	5		4
Fail (1st attempt)	3	0		0
Fail (2nd attempt)	0	1		0
Fail (3rd attempt)	0	2		0
Total Number of failures	3	3	No examination held	4
Number Passed	0	2		0
Percentage Passed	0	40		0

2006:

	MARCH		OCTOBER	
	UKM	USM	UKM	USM
Number of new candidates registered	7	5	6	3
Number of repeat candidates	1	0	6	2
Total number registered 8	5	5	5	10
Number deferring examination	0	0	0	0
Actual number of candidates sat	6	3	6	9
Fail (1st attempt)	3	3	3	2
Fail (2nd attempt)	1	0	2	2
Fail (3rd attempt)	0	0	0	2
Total Number of failures	4	3	5	6
Number Passed	2	0	1	3
Percentage Passed	33.33	0	16.7	33.33
				7.7

2007:

	UKM		MARCH		UM		UKM		OCTOBER		UM	
	UKM		USM		USM		UKM		USM		UKM	
Number of new candidates registered	5		3		2		5		5		3	
Number of repeat candidates	2		0		1		10		7		4	
Total number registered	7		3		3		15		12		7	
Number deferring examination	0		0		1		0		0		10	
Actual number of candidates sat	3		0		2		12		10		4	
Fail (1st attempt)	1		0		1		5		2		2	
Fail (2nd attempt)	1		0		0		4		1		2	
Fail (3rd attempt)	1		0		1		2		0		2	
Total Number of failures	3		0		2		11		3		6	
Number Passed	0		0		0		1		7		0	
Percentage Passed	0		0		0		8.3		70		0	

APPENDIX VII

List of Hospitals Approved for Housemanship Training till 31 December 2007:

HOSPITALS	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF HOUSE OFFICERS ALLOCATED
1. Perlis - Hospital Kangar	20
2. Kedah - Hospital Alor Setar	56
3. Kedah - Hospital Sungai Petani	12
4. Pulau Pinang - Hospital Seberang Jaya	24
5. Pulau Pinang - Hospital Pulau Pinang	72
6. Perak - Hospital Ipoh	70
7. Perak - Hospital Seri Manjung	12
8. Perak - Hospital Taiping	41
9. Perak - Hospital Teluk Intan	35
10. Selangor - Hospital Kajang	20
11. Selangor - Hospital Selayang	32
12. Selangor - Hospital Tengku Ampuan Rahimah Klang	71
13. Wilayah Persekutuan - Hospital Kuala Lumpur	173
14. Wilayah Persekutuan - Hospital Putrajaya	18
15. Negeri Sembilan - Hospital Seremban	53
16. Negeri Sembilan - Hospital Kuala Pilah	26
17. Melaka - Hospital Melaka	51
18. Johor - Hospital Muar	28
19. Johor - Hospital Sultanah Aminah, Johor Bahru	65
20. Johor - Hospital Batu Pahat	16
21. Pahang - Hospital Tengku Ampuan Afzan, Pahang	37
22. Pahang - Hospital Temerloh	20
23. Terengganu - Hospital Kuala Terengganu	48
24. Kelantan - Hospital Kota Bharu	45
25. Sarawak - Hospital Sibu	18
26. Sarawak - Hospital Umum Sarawak	48
27. Sabah - Hospital Queen Elizabeth	45
28. Sabah - Hospital Tawau	12
29. Hospital Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia	30
30. Pusat Perubatan Universiti Malaya	70
31. Hospital Universiti Sains Malaysia	45
TOTAL	1,313

APPENDIX VIII

Provisionally Registered Persons Whose Housemanship Training Period Were Extended for Various Reasons, 2000-2007:

REASON FOR EXTENSION	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Poor work performance	49	75	68	39	45	27	33	37
Sick leave and exceeded								
leave entitlement	39	57	53	40	41	8	25	24
Maternity leave	15	21	19	9	16	4	15	13
Unpaid leave	9	12	9	9	3	4	7	8
Others	6	13	13	5	13	2	25	21
Total	118	178	162	102	118	45	105	103

APPENDIX IX

Provisionally Registered Persons Whose Housemanship Training Period Were Extended According to Disciplines and Reasons, 2002-2005:

a. Medicine:						
YEAR	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Poor Work performance	22	15	13	15	8	9
Sick leave and exceeded leave entitlement	2	3	5	0	7	6
Sick leave	12	8	7	0	2	4
Maternity leave	2	3	4	1	3	4
Unrecorded/ Unpaid leave	2	2	3	0	1	3
Fail to report for duty	0	1	0	0	6	4
Total	40	32	32	16	27	30
b. Paediatrics:						
YEAR	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Poor Work performance	11	9	5	3	6	7
Sick leave and exceeded leave entitlement	12	10	3	3	5	6
Maternity leave	1	1	1	0	1	3
Unrecorded/ Unpaid leave	0	1	0	0	5	1
Fail to report for duty	0	0	0	1	7	3
Total	24	21	9	7	24	20
c. Obstetrics & Gynaecology:						
YEAR	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Poor Work performance	22	15	19	4	11	9
Sick leave and exceeded leave entitlement	24	12	20	3	7	5
Maternity leave	4	3	4	2	3	2
Unrecorded/ Unpaid leave	2	2	0	2	0	2
Fail to report for duty	0	1	1	0	7	6
Total	52	33	44	11	28	24
d. Surgery:						
YEAR	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Poor Work performance	5	4	8	5	5	7
Sick leave and exceeded leave entitlement	20	5	12	1	3	4
Maternity leave	8	1	1	1	6	3
Unrecorded/ Unpaid leave	1	0	1	1	0	2
Fail to report for duty	1	1	0	1	5	3
Total	35	11	22	9	19	19
e. Orthopaedics:						
YEAR	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Poor Work performance	1	2	6	0	3	3
Sick leave and exceeded leave entitlement	6	1	4	1	1	2
Maternity leave	3	1	1	0	2	1
Unrecorded/ Unpaid leave	1	0	0	1	1	0
Fail to report for duty	0	1	0	0	0	5
Total	11	5	11	2	7	11

APPENDIX X

Number of Provisionally Registered Persons Extending the Houseman Training According to Training Centres, 2002-2007:

TRAINING CENTRES	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
1. Hospital Alor Setar, Kedah	17	5	9	1	11	10
2. Hospital Ipoh, Perak	3	0	1	0	7	8
3. Hospital Kajang	0	0	0	0	0	0
4. Hospital Kangar	0	2	1	0	0	1
5. Hospital Kota Bharu	31	13	17	4	9	27
6. Hospital Kuala Lumpur	29	17	21	3	13	25
7. Hospital Kuala Pilah	1	6	0	2	0	0
8. Hospital Kuala Terengganu	0	4	5	2	5	5
9. Hospital Melaka	5	2	7	0	0	1
10. Hospital Muar	2	3	0	0	1	1
11. Hospital Putrajaya	0	0	0	0	0	0
12. Hospital Queen Elizabeth (incl. Hospital Likas)	3	8	8	3	5	9
13. Hospital Seberang Jaya	2	0	2	1	5	3
14. Hospital Selayang	0	3	4	4	4	
15. Hospital Seremban	0	0	0	2	5	7
16. Hospital Seri Manjung	0	0	0	2	2	4
17. Hospital Sibu	0	0	0	0	0	0
18. Hospital Sultanah Aminah	11	15	16	4	9	13
19. Hospital Sungai Petani	2	2	2	0	0	0
20. Hospital Taiping	3	4	1	0	0	0
21. Hospital Tawau	0	0	0	0	0	2
22. Hospital Teluk Intan	1	1	0	0	2	1
23. Hospital Tengku Ampuan Afzan, Pahang	5	0	0	0	6	2
24. Hospital Tengku Ampuan Rahimah Klang	5	11	12	0	8	7
25. Hospital Pulau Pinang	8	0	1	1	5	6
26. Hospital Umum Sarawak	3	1	2	3	7	4
27. Hospital Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia	0	0	0	0	0	0
28. Hospital Universiti Sains Malaysia	7	0	1	0	0	2
29. Pusat Perubatan Universiti Malaya	24	8	9	13	14	11
30. Hospital Temerloh	0	0	0	0	0	1
31. Hospital Batu Pahat	0	0	0	0	3	0
TOTAL	162	102	118	45	121	154

APPENDIX XI:

Membership of the Five Preliminary Investigation Committees:

PIC I

Dato' Dr Mahmud bin Mohd. Nor - Chairman
 Dato' Dr Ismail bin Saad
 Dato' Dr. George Ananda
 Dato' Dr. T. Selvapragasam (w.e.f. 15 July 2007)
 Brig. Gen. (B) Dato' Dr. Samsudin bin Hussain **(w.e.f. 15 July 2007)**
 Dr. Ng Chuan Wai
 Dr. Low Nan Hang (till 14 July 2007)
 Dato' Dr. Shafiee Ooyub (till 14 July 2007)

PIC II

Dato' Dr. Megat Burhanuddin bin Megat Abdul Rahman – Chairman
 Dr. Rahim bin Omar
 Dato' Dr. Radhakrishnan
 Dr. A. K. Mukherjee
 Prof. Dato' Dr. Raja Khuzaiah binti Raja Abdul Razak
 Dato' Dr. J.C. Mehta

PIC III

Dr. Ng Kok Ying - Chairman
 Prof. Madya Dato' Dr. Sirajoon Noor b. S. M Abdul Ghani
 Prof. Dato' Dr. S. Selvarajah
 Dr. Arlene Francis Fung Ngan
 Dr. Tee Lian Kim
 Dr. Musa Mohd. Nordin

PIC IV

Prof. Dr. Victor Lim Kok Eow – Chairman
 Prof. Emeritus Datuk Dr. Alexius Ernald Delikan
 Datuk Dr. P. Krishnan
 Prof. Dato' Dr. Abu Hassan Asaari bin Abdullah
 Prof. Dato' Dr. (Mrs) Kew Siang Tong
 Mej. Jen. (B) Dato' Pahlawan Dr. R. Mohanadas

PIC V

Dr. Ong Hean Choon – Chairman
 Dato' Dr. Jeyaindran s/o Tan Sri Sinnadurai
 Prof. Dr. Saimy @ Saman Ismail
 Prof. Dr. Abdul Latiff B. Mohamed
 Dr. MMS Krishnan
 Datuk Dr. Abdul Gani B. Mohammed Din

APPENDIX XII

Status of Investigations of Cases by PIC and the Enquiry by the Council for the Years 2003 - 2007:

		PIC I	PIC II	PIC III	PIC IV	PIC V	TOTAL	MMC Inquiry*
2003	Completed	21	12	36	69	N/A	138	6
	Outstanding	54	66	39	65	N/A	224	5
2004	Completed	30	17	10	16	N/A	73	10
	Outstanding	59	70	43	68	N/A	240	19
2005	Completed	18	35	19	28	N/A	100	20
	Outstanding	67	37	35	50	N/A	189	17
2006	Completed	18	27	21	27	4	97	27
	Outstanding	55	21	30	35	22	163	0
2007	Completed	21	14	13	17	7	72	24
	Outstanding	34	32	33	19	18	136	0

Key: * - Hearing by the Council.

APPENDIX XIII
Outcome of Investigation of cases for the Years 2003 - 2007:

	New cases forwarded to PIC	Summarily dismissed under Reg. 28(1)	Dismissal Under Reg. 29(3)	Not sufficient grounds to support the allegation 29(4)(a)	Not sufficient grounds to support the charge 29(7)(a)	Council inquiry as recommended 29(7)(b)	Council inquiry though not recommended by the PIC	TOTAL
PIC I	0	16	N/A	16	0	2	0	19
2004	1	5	N/A	1	9	5	1	25
2005	16	3	6	0	3	3	0	31
2006	10	1	10	3	1	3	0	28
2007	7	1	5	3	2	8	0	26
PIC II	1	11	N/A	7	0	0	0	12
2004	0	3	N/A	0	3	6	0	11
2005	11	4	17	1	3	6	1	41
2006	11	4	6	5	7	4	0	37
2007	12	1	4	4	3	1	0	25
PIC III	19	4	2	2	0	8	1	28
2004	0	2	2	0	0	1	0	8
2005	12	5	1	0	3	6	3	31
2006	15	5	3	4	8	1	0	36
2007	12	1	6	0	4	2	1	26
PIC IV	47	14	11	3	0	3	4	66
2004	8	1	0	1	0	1	1	15
2005	11	36	2	1	9	7	1	39
2006	7	4	7	6	1	8	0	33
2007	7	0	6	4	1	4	0	32
2006	26	1	3	0	0	0	0	30
2007	3	2	4	1	0	0	0	10
TOTAL	236	124	105	62	57	79	13	609

Note: *PIC V was formed in 2006